


Mastery Course on Pronoun

Live Course by Prerna Ma'am

PART 2

Mastery Course on Pronoun From Basic to Advance level



10 Live Classes

Class PDFs **QUIZZES** **Daily Practice**

By Prerna Ma'am

Class Topic:

Mastery Course on Pronoun Part 2- DAY 1 – Interrogative Pronoun

PART 2: DAY 1

Mastery Course on Pronoun

Interrogative Pronoun

Prerna Ma'am

- Definition in Hindi & English.
- Explanation with example.
- Questions on the topics explained.

Introduction

इस कोर्स में आप pronoun के बारे में पढ़ेंगे वो भी basic level to advance level. इस कोर्स में आपलोगो को examples के द्वारा concept को clear किया जाएँगे साथ ही साथ competitive based questions करवाया जाएगा, हर concept को कहानी के द्वारा clear किया जाएगा आपलोगो को notes provide किया जाएगा previous year questions के साथ so why to wait join our pronoun mission.

Learning Objective:

The learning objective of this lesson as follows:

In this session we will learn about relative pronoun and its types

- a) Definition of Interrogative pronoun
- b) Examples and sentences
- c) Brief overview of different Interrogative pronoun
- d) Question based on concept
- e) Moral story to understand the concept

DEFINITION:

The main interrogative pronouns are "what," "which," "who," "whom," and "whose." Interrogative pronouns are used to ask questions.

Pronoun which is used to make asking questions easy. There are just five interrogative pronouns. Each one is used to ask a very specific question or indirect question. Some, such as "who" and "whom," refer only to people. Others can be used to refer to objects or people. Once you are familiar with interrogative pronouns, you'll find that it's very easy to use them in a variety of situations.

Interrogative pronouns can also be used as relative pronouns, which *may* be found in questions or indirect questions. You'll know for certain that a pronoun is classified as an interrogative when it's used in an inquiring way, because interrogative pronouns are found *only* in question and indirect questions.

The five interrogative pronouns are what, which, who, whom, and whose.

What – Used to ask questions about people or objects. Examples:

- What do you want for lunch?
- I wonder what we're doing tomorrow.
- What is your friend's name?
- What time are we supposed to be there?

Which – Used to ask questions about people or objects. Examples:

- Which color do your friend prefer?
- Which of these ladies is your aunt?

- She asked which train to take.
- Which seat would you like?

Who – Used to ask questions about people. Examples:

- Who is that?
- Who was driving the car?
- I'm wondering who will be at the party.
- Who is going to take out the trash?

Whom – This interrogative pronoun is rarely seen these days, but when it shows up, it is used to ask questions about people. Examples:

- Whom did you speak to?
- Whom do you prefer to vote for?
- You should ask whom to call.
- Whom do you live with?

Whose – Used to ask questions about people or objects, always related to possession. Examples:

- Whose sweater is this?
- Whose parents are those?
- I wonder whose dog knocked our garbage can over.
- Whose phone is that?

In some cases, interrogative pronouns take on the suffix *-ever*. A few can also take on the old-fashioned suffix *-soever*, which is rarely seen in writing these days. For example:

- Whatever
- Whatsoever
- Whichever
- Whoever
- Whosoever
- Whomever
- Whomsoever
- Whosever

Interrogative pronouns are very easy to remember and use. Memorize them to make things even simpler.

Gap filling



1. What do you want for your anniversary?
2. Which shirt do you think looks better on me?
3. Who do you think will win the hockey game?
4. To whom are you speaking?
5. Whose shoes are those?

MORAL STORY-TWO BEST FRIENDS(underline interrogative pronouns)

A story tells that two friends were walking through the desert. During some point of the journey they had an argument, and one friend slapped the other one in the face. He didn't understand what the reason and whose fault was that.

The one who got slapped was hurt, but without saying anything, wrote in the sand; Today my best friend has slapped me.

They kept on walking until they found an oasis, where they decided to take a bath. The one who had been slapped got stuck in the mire and started drowning, but the friend saved him. After he recovered from the near drowning, he wrote on a stone; The other friend thought whom to ask and finally he asked his best friend.

After I hurt you, you wrote in the sand and now, you write on a stone, why?"

the other friend replied; "When someone hurts us we should write it down in sand where winds of forgiveness can erase it away. But, when someone does something good for us, we must engrave it in stone where no wind can ever erase it."

About course

Name: Mastery Course on Pronoun

Teacher: Prerna Mam

Online Link: On Namaste English Android App at <https://namasteenglish.page.link/hp>

After installing app, click on website link:

<https://namaste-english.com/video-courses/mastery-course-on-pronoun---part-1-from-basic-to-advance-level-by-prerna-ma'am-courses-74fb69afe77942e7bda385ea6d2f5fc8.html>

Price: Course is available only to UNLIMITED Account users of Namaste English app. To get UNLIMITED Account, click on <https://namasteenglish.page.link/unlimited-account>